

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

OLEG DERIPASKA

2 Khutor Sokolsky,
Ust-Labinsky District,
Krasnodarsky Krai, Russian Federation

Plaintiff,

v.

STEVEN T. MNUCHIN

**in his official capacity as
Secretary of the United States
Department of the Treasury
1500 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20220**

and

**THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
THE TREASURY**

1500 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20220

and

ANDREA M. GACKI

**in her official capacity as
Director of the
United States Department of the Treasury
Office of Foreign Assets Control
1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Freedman’s Bank Building
Washington, D.C. 20220**

and

**THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT
OF THE TREASURY, OFFICE OF FOREIGN
ASSETS CONTROL**

1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Freedman’s Bank Building
Washington, D.C. 20220

**COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY
AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

CIV. NO. _____

Defendants.

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Plaintiff Oleg Deripaska (herein referred to as “Deripaska”) brings this Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief against Defendants the United States Department of the Treasury, its Secretary, Steven T. Mnuchin, the United States Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control (“OFAC”), and its Director, Andrea M. Gacki, and in support of his complaint alleges:

INTRODUCTION

1. This case seeks the Court’s intervention to enjoin OFAC from using the devastating power of U.S. economic sanctions without adhering to the bounds of its legal authority and in a manner that is inconsistent with the U.S. Constitution.

2. On April 6, 2018, Deripaska, a private citizen of Russia, became the latest victim of this country’s political infighting and ongoing reaction to Russia’s purported interference in the 2016 U.S. presidential elections when Defendants targeted him for sanctions under two Executive Orders (“E.O.”), E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662. As a result of those sanctions, he was identified on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List (“SDN List”) administered by OFAC.

3. In support of these designations, however, Defendants have made a series of allegations completely untethered from the legal criteria of those executive orders. The reliance on those allegations—which consist of nothing more than false rumor and innuendo and originate from decades old defamatory attacks originated by his business competitors—evidence the lawlessness of Defendants’ actions.

4. As official representatives of our nation—a nation that prides itself on adherence to the rule of law—Defendants must act within the bounds of and consistent with our law. That obligation requires Defendants to ensure that their actions are in accordance with law; that they

are not contrary to constitutional right; and that they establish a connection between their findings and the evidence in their possession. In addition, Defendants must provide for due process to ensure that persons affected by their actions have a meaningful opportunity to respond to them. However, by sanctioning Deripaska and including him in an arbitrarily contrived list of “oligarchs,” Defendants have acted without regard to these obligations and beyond the bounds of their authority.

5. The effect of these unlawful actions has been the wholesale devastation of Deripaska’s wealth, reputation, and economic livelihood. As a direct result of Defendants’ actions, Deripaska has been ousted from the international business community, as banks and businesses refuse to transact or deal with him or his businesses out of fear of their own potential exposure to U.S. sanctions for doing so. Further, Deripaska—whose net worth has fallen more than \$7.5 billion, or approximately 81%, since the time of the designations—has been irrevocably forced out of his controlling interests in his largest businesses some of which—including En+—he founded and developed over 30 years. He has also witnessed his remaining businesses—which together employ more than 200,000 people and 1.5 million contractors—edge to the brink of collapse, as banks refuse to extend them loans, and counterparties terminate their relationships with them. Indeed, even the Russian Government—which the designations of Deripaska were intended to pressure—has threatened to expropriate and nationalize Deripaska’s businesses for the benefit of the Russian state if he fails to terminate his interest in his designated companies. These harms continue to compound daily and will continue to do so as long as Defendants maintain sanctions on Deripaska.

6. The current political climate makes it unlikely that Deripaska can receive a fair hearing through Defendant OFAC’s administrative reconsideration process. Defendants have shown overt bias against Deripaska by providing misleading guidance on the ability of his companies to be removed from U.S. sanctions lists and by promising to aggressively pursue sanctions against him. Members of Congress—potential stakeholders in any future delisting—

have also exhibited their own animus towards Deripaska by expressly referring to him as an “enemy” and a “criminal,” absent any evidence and without consequence to their political standing. Indeed, the general hysteria surrounding Deripaska prevents him from having a meaningful opportunity to challenge his designations through the normal channels for doing so.

7. This hysteria has further been compounded by a storm of public reporting that misapprehends both the reasons for Deripaska’s designations and the legal standards under which Defendants must act. Neither members of the U.S. Government—in either the Executive or Legislative Branch—nor the media have explained that Defendants’ actions are an administrative action (not a criminal one) based on a reasonable cause to believe standard—one of the lowest burdens of proof in the U.S. legal system. Nowhere have they noted to the public that designations can be supported by any source of information, including newspapers, blog posts, and even anonymous tips, and that Defendants have no affirmative duty to investigate or corroborate those sources. Finally, the government has not publicly acknowledged to the world—which Defendants expect to follow their sanctions, lest they suffer consequences—that U.S. sanctions actions are usually defended and justified based on classified or other privileged information that is never shown to the sanctioned parties nor their attorneys.

8. Instead, the purported legitimacy of Deripaska’s designations is being propped up only by the deference afforded to representations made by the U.S. Government and the spinning of old and irrelevant allegations against Deripaska into a narrative to attack the Russian Government as a whole. Simply put, even if OFAC were to find that an insufficient basis exists to maintain the designations, Congress would never allow delisting as the public’s perception of Deripaska has been so distorted by this spin. This concern is not hypothetical; indeed, it was shown to be valid in Congress’ and the public’s reaction to the recent delisting of certain companies

formerly owned or controlled by Deripaska. It is also why the courts are the last refuge for Deripaska to seek a fair opportunity to challenge his designations.

9. Through this lawsuit, Deripaska does not suggest that the U.S. Government is unable to defend itself from threats to its national security or foreign policy. Instead, this lawsuit is intended to ensure that when the U.S. Government does so, it follows the rule of law and does not target a private individual simply because it is politically expedient or publicly popular to do so. For these reasons, and those set forth below, the Court should find that Defendants have not acted in accordance with the law and thus should compel Defendants to rescind Deripaska's designations and remove him from the SDN List and from the U.S. Department of the Treasury's "Oligarch" Report.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. This action arises under the United States Constitution, the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. § 1701 *et seq.*, the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act, P.L. 115-44, and the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.* This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because this action arises under the laws of the United States.

11. This Court may grant declaratory relief pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2201 *et seq.*, and Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 57. This Court may grant injunctive relief pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 65.

12. Venue is proper in the District of Columbia as this is the district in which the events giving rise to the complaint occurred and in which Defendants reside. *See* 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (e).

THE PARTIES

13. Oleg Deripaska is, and was at all times relevant to this complaint, a citizen of Russia. Deripaska currently resides at 2 Khutor Sokolsky, Ust-Labinsky District, Krasnodarsky Krai, Russian Federation.

14. On April 6, 2018, Deripaska was designated under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662, and his name was added to the SDN List maintained and administered by OFAC. Exhibit A is a true and accurate copy of the page of the SDN List containing Deripaska's name.

15. OFAC is a federal administrative agency of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and is located at 1500 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Freedman's Bank Building, Washington D.C. 20220. The Department of the Treasury is responsible for maintaining the financial and economic security of the United States. The Department of the Treasury is also responsible for overseeing various offices, including OFAC. Deripaska understands that OFAC is responsible for administering U.S. economic sanctions programs, including by designating persons under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662 and regulating dealings with them under those authorities via 31 C.F.R. Parts 501 and 589, the "Reporting, Procedures and Penalties Regulations" and the "Ukraine Related Sanctions Regulations," respectively. OFAC was responsible for designating Deripaska under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662.

16. Defendant Steven T. Mnuchin is the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. Mr. Mnuchin is sued in his official capacity.

17. Defendant Andrea M. Gacki is the Director of OFAC. Ms. Gacki is sued in her official capacity.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act of 2017 Section 241 Report

18. On January 29, 2018, prior to Deripaska being designated under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662 and identified on OFAC's SDN List, he was named in the "Report to Congress Pursuant to Section 241 of the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act of 2017 Regarding Senior Foreign Political Figures and Oligarchs in the Russian Federation and Russian Parastatal Entities" ("Section 241 Report").

19. The Section 241 Report is an unclassified report submitted by the U.S. Department of the Treasury to Congress pursuant to Section 241 of the Countering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act of 2017 ("CAATSA"). CAATSA required that the Section 241 Report identify senior foreign political figures and oligarchs in the Russian Federation, as determined by their closeness to the Russian regime and their net worth.

20. Section 241 of CAATSA also permitted the Secretary of the Treasury to submit a classified annex alongside the unclassified report. The language of Section 241 of CAATSA indicates that the classified annex was to supplement—not supplant—the contents of the unclassified report mandated by Section 241, as the statute states that the report "shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex."

21. The Section 241 Report as submitted to Congress, however, stated that, for purposes of the unclassified portions of the report, determinations as to whether a person constituted an oligarch were judged solely on whether the person had a net worth of \$1 billion or more. Neither Secretary Mnuchin nor the Section 241 Report provided any reason as to why net worth was the sole determinative factor for being identified as an oligarch in that report nor why closeness to the Russian regime was not included as a criterion for identifying an individual as an oligarch.

22. No definition of the English term “oligarch” solely relies on a person’s wealth or net worth to characterize them as such. Courts in this district have previously defined oligarchs as groups of individuals with close political connections to a particular government who amassed enormous wealth and power through the wholesale transfer of prized state assets and shady deals with government officials. Members of Congress have also previously noted that “[we] can’t just say because someone has a lot of money, that they are an oligarch, which then says they are evil in some way.” *Corruption: Danger to Democracy in Europe and Eurasia: Hearing Before the H.R. Subcomm. on Eur., Eurasia, and Emerging Threats of the H. Comm. on Foreign Affairs*, 114th Cong. 37 (2016) (statement of Rep. Dana Rohrabacher, Chairman, H.R. Subcomm. on Eur., Eurasia, and Emerging Threats of the H. Comm. on Foreign Affairs).

23. Comparisons of public reporting suggest that the U.S. Department of the Treasury sourced the list of Russian oligarchs found in the Section 241 Report from the *Forbes* 2017 list of the World’s Billionaires (“Forbes List”), as the report even carries over a typo that was contained in the Forbes List. Leonid Bershidsky, *The U.S. List of Russian Oligarchs Is a Disgrace*, BLOOMBERG, Jan. 30, 2018, available at <https://www.bloomberg.com/opinion/articles/2018-01-30/the-u-s-list-of-russian-oligarchs-is-a-disgrace>.

24. Certain Members of Congress have also called the report “an embarrassment, given that the list . . . was clearly copied from Forbes Magazine.” Letter from Robert Menendez, Ranking Member of the Senate Foreign Relations Comm., to Rex Tillerson, Sec’y of State, and Steven T. Mnuchin, Sec’y of the Treasury (Feb. 28, 2018).

25. The Forbes List did not make reference to any allegations concerning Deripaska’s closeness to the Russian Government, nor suggest that he wields any political influence. Exhibit B—Forbes List of World’s Billionaires-Russia.

26. There was no notice or process by which Deripaska could have responded to any proposed inclusion of his name in the Section 241 Report. Likewise, there is no administrative process available to him now to challenge his inclusion in the report. Indeed, litigants in other cases have alleged that officials from the U.S. Department of the Treasury confirmed to them that there is no process to be removed from the Section 241 Report. *See* Memorandum in Support of Motion for Preliminary Injunction, *Gapontsev v. U.S. Department of the Treasury*, No. 18-2826-RC (D.D.C. Feb. 15, 2019), ECF No. 12 at 12, 20.

27. Deripaska also has not been provided access to a copy of the classified annex submitted alongside the Section 241 Report, nor have Defendants made any attempt to apprise him of the contents of that annex.

28. Within months of Deripaska's inclusion on the Section 241 Report, several of the banks at which his companies maintained accounts began to close those accounts even though he had not at that time been formally sanctioned. For example, Hellenic Bank, a Cypriot financial institution, began to close accounts of Deripaska's companies at Hellenic Bank immediately following his inclusion in the Section 241 Report. These closures occurred prior to Deripaska's designations under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662.

B. April 6, 2018 Designations of Deripaska

29. On April 6, 2018, OFAC designated Deripaska under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662 for allegedly having acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, a senior official of the Government of the Russian Federation and for allegedly operating in the energy sector of the Russian Federation economy. As explained in the U.S. Department of the Treasury press release announcing the designations, OFAC's action "follow[ed] the Department of the Treasury's issuance of the CAATSA Section 241 report in late January 2018." Press Release, U.S.

Dep't of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury Designates Russian Oligarchs, Officials, and Entities in Response to Worldwide Malign Activity (April 6, 2018).

30. As a result, Deripaska's property and interests in property located within U.S. jurisdiction are blocked, and U.S. persons are generally prohibited from engaging in any transactions or dealings with him. Further, Deripaska is barred from travel to the United States and from accessing property that he may hold here. In addition, foreign persons and foreign banks are subject to U.S. secondary sanctions under CAATSA for knowingly facilitating any significant transaction for or on behalf of Deripaska and/or his family members.

31. Alongside Deripaska's designations, OFAC also designated a number of entities alleged to be under his ownership and control, including B-Finance LTD, En+ Group Plc, Russian Machines, and GAZ Group. Each of these entities was blocked, and U.S. persons were prohibited from engaging in any transactions or dealings with them, unless authorized. In addition, foreign persons and foreign banks were subject to U.S. sanctions consequences, including being targeted and blocked themselves, for knowingly facilitating any significant transaction with these entities.

32. While the Federal Register Notice publishing Deripaska's designations mirrors the language identified in Paragraph 27 above concerning the bases of his designations, it offered no further detail concerning OFAC's allegations, evidence, or conclusions supporting those bases.

33. OFAC's representations detailing the reasons for Deripaska's designations are published, however, in a U.S. Department of the Treasury press release announcing the designations. That press release offers three categories of statements concerning Deripaska's designations: 1) allegations of his connections to the Russian Government; 2) baseless allegations by OFAC of ostensibly criminal behavior; and 3) baseless allegations attributable to others of ostensibly criminal behavior. Press Release, U.S. Dep't of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets

Control, Treasury Designates Russian Oligarchs, Officials, and Entities in Response to Worldwide Malign Activity (April 6, 2018).

34. With respect to the first category of statements, OFAC alleges that Deripaska has stated that he does not separate himself from Russia. OFAC further alleges that Deripaska has previously acknowledged possessing a Russian diplomatic passport and has claimed that he represented the Russian Government abroad. With respect to this set of allegations, OFAC solely relies on Deripaska's own alleged statements and has not provided any facts or reasoning to corroborate that he indeed made those statements nor to show how they would relate to a lawful basis for his designations. For example, OFAC does not identify when the statements were made or when the alleged underlying conduct occurred. OFAC also does not identify—either specifically or in general—any senior Russian Government official that was in any way connected to the alleged conduct reflected in those statements he is accused of making. Moreover, OFAC makes no connection between these alleged statements by Deripaska and any purported operations he has in the energy sector of the Russian Federation.

35. The second category of statements relied upon to support Deripaska's designations offer a series of allegations that could, were they true, demonstrate involvement in illicit, and potentially criminal, activity. Specifically, these allegations are that Deripaska has been investigated for money laundering and has been accused of threatening the lives of business rivals, illegally wiretapping a government official, and taking part in extortion and racketeering. These allegations, however, contain no explanation of or reference to any connection to a senior Russian Government official nor to the energy sector of the Russian Federation. These allegations also fail to state when or where this purported conduct occurred, or whether there were any findings as to the merits of those allegations.

36. The final category of statements underlying Deripaska's bases for designations are not allegations by OFAC at all, but rather consist of OFAC suggesting that there are allegations—presumably made by others—that Deripaska had bribed a government official, ordered the murder of an unidentified businessman, and had links to a Russian organized crime group. Again, OFAC makes unsubstantiated allegations without connecting these allegations—which OFAC expressly references but does not itself allege—to any senior Russian Government official nor to the Russian energy sector. OFAC also failed to provide any fact-finding or reasoning to corroborate or substantiate these statements. Further, OFAC does not state when or where this conduct occurred, or whether there were any findings as to the merits of those allegations.

37. The allegations contained in the U.S. Department of the Treasury press release originate from business rivals and competitors who have long promulgated false rumors and innuendo in attempt to gain advantages in lawsuits against Deripaska. Most of the allegations have been rumored about for more than two decades but remain as unfounded today as they were when first raised. These allegations are also independently and in totality irrelevant to the legal criteria for designation under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662.

38. The allegations in the U.S. Department of the Treasury press release have also all been raised before fact-finding tribunals elsewhere in the world. Any serious inquiry into their reliability and why they are to be believed should be reflected in OFAC's record, as well as the reasons why OFAC discounted the findings of the other tribunals with respect to these allegations. If OFAC has failed to develop that information and provide its reasoning for discounting any exculpatory evidence in relation to those allegations, it would demonstrate inadequacies in their fact-finding processes.

39. The press release also states that the Russian businessmen designated on April 6, 2018, benefit from the Russian Government and play a key role in advancing Russia's malign

activities. Defendants, however, make no attempt to describe the nature of Deripaska's role in those malign activities—which are specifically outlined by Secretary Mnuchin in that press release—nor how the criteria under which Deripaska was designated would indicate any involvement by him in those activities. Press Release, U.S. Dep't of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury Designates Russian Oligarchs, Officials, and Entities in Response to Worldwide Malign Activity (April 6, 2018).

40. At no point since the time of Deripaska's designations has OFAC disclosed to him or made public a copy of the administrative record created in support of its designation actions. Nor has OFAC publicly disclosed any other evidence, allegations, conclusions, or bases of designations describing why it designated Deripaska under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662.

41. There is substantial reason to doubt OFAC's compliance with the law here. As Senator Robert Menendez, Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, recently noted, “[w]e simply do not know enough about [Deripaska's] potential involvement in the . . . malign influence campaigns carried out by the Kremlin on the American people.” 165 CONG. REC. 198 (2019) (statement of Sen. Menendez).

42. Senator Menendez has further suggested that the public should wait to see what Special Counsel Robert Mueller's investigation returns on Deripaska's activities before easing any sanctions on him—in reference to the delisting of companies Deripaska formerly owned or controlled. These statements were made in January 2019—some nine months after Deripaska's designations, numerous subsequent Congressional inquiries into Russia's purported malign activities, and the return of dozens of indictments and convictions arising from Special Counsel Robert Mueller's investigation. After all of that time spent investigating Russia's alleged activities, it is not surprising that OFAC had to rely on rumor and innuendo to designate Deripaska. It appears

to be the case that there is simply no evidence Deripaska is involved in the Russian Government's activities nor in any activity satisfying the criteria of E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662.

C. Harm Done to Deripaska

43. The consequence of Defendants' unlawful action has been the utter devastation of Deripaska's wealth, reputation, and economic livelihood. As a result of his designations and the sanctions risk to foreign parties dealing with him or his businesses, Deripaska has been effectively shut out from the international business community and the global financial system. Indeed, banks and businesses have terminated existing contracts and agreements with him, and businesses refuse to enter into any further dealings with him out of fear of exposure to U.S. sanctions.

44. Defendants have exacerbated these consequences by traveling abroad to threaten foreign businesses and banks not to engage in transactions with Deripaska or his companies, lest they be sanctioned themselves. Those trips included visits to Cyprus and Belgium, where financial institutions thereafter began closing the accounts of Deripaska-owned businesses following meetings with officials from the U.S. Department of the Treasury. *See* U.S. DEP'T OF THE TREASURY, REPORT TO CONGRESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 243 OF THE COUNTERING AMERICA'S ADVERSARIES THROUGH SANCTIONS ACT OF 2017 REGARDING INTERAGENCY EFFORTS IN THE UNITED STATES TO COMBAT ILLICIT FINANCE RELATING TO THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION (2018).

45. As a direct result of Defendants' actions, Deripaska's net worth has dramatically fallen since April 6, 2018 by approximately 81%, or \$7.5 billion. His investments have become toxic, and Defendants have caused his former companies to separate from him through the irrevocable divestiture of his interests and severance of his control. Even those companies for which he retains ownership and control have been severely damaged, as banks refuse to extend loans to them, suppliers have terminated contracts with them, and counterparties have ceased dealing with them. The most recent example of this was Volkswagen's decision to suspend discussions relating

to the purchase of a stake in Deripaska's company, GAZ Group, which itself is currently seeking delisting. *U.S. Sanctions Prevent Volkswagen from Buying Stake in Russia's GAZ: RIA*, REUTERS (March 6, 2019, 10:18 AM) <https://uk.reuters.com/article/us-usa-russia-sanctions-gaz/u-s-sanctions-prevent-volkswagen-from-buying-stake-in-russias-gaz-ria-idUKKCN1QN1WP>.

46. Deripaska has not just been severed from his global financial and business networks, but also from basic and necessary services. For example, in a recent action before an English court, Deripaska was unable to retain legal counsel in time to prevent the imposition of a Worldwide Freezing Order (“WFO”) against him. This was because he was represented in that matter by lawyers working for a U.S. law firm. Following his designations, those lawyers—due to their firm's status as a U.S. person—were prohibited from continuing to represent Deripaska in a foreign legal matter without authorization from OFAC due to prohibitions arising from Deripaska's designations. The U.S. law firm applied for authorization from OFAC to maintain its representation but was denied. Following the denial, most foreign lawyers contacted by Deripaska refused to represent him out of fear of exposure to U.S. sanctions. Once legal counsel was found, foreign financial institutions refused to remit payments from him to foreign counsel out of fear of being sanctioned themselves. As a result of these complications, Deripaska was left without representation, and the WFO was imposed upon him.

47. Deripaska's troubles finding counsel have not been limited to that litigation in the UK, however. He has also had a number of foreign law firms that previously provided corporate legal services to his companies terminate their representations. This lack of access to corporate counsel, coupled with the resignation of numerous directors and officers of Deripaska-linked companies and the refusal of financial institutions to extend banking services to those companies, has made it nearly impossible for Deripaska to maintain the operations of his businesses.

48. Members of Congress have acknowledged the devastation being wrought upon Deripaska. During a vote on a resolution of disapproval regarding the delisting of the companies formerly owned or controlled by Deripaska, Senator Michael Crapo, Chairman of the Senate Banking Committee, stated that the primary and secondary sanctions imposed against Deripaska dash any hope of future deals or income. Further, Sen. Crapo noted that those sanctions make transactions with Deripaska radioactive to just about anyone, which is what forced those companies to disentangle themselves from him. 165 CONG. REC. 198 (2019) (statement of Sen. Crapo).

49. Senator Crapo is correct. Defendants have used the consequences of the sanctions designations as leverage to compel companies which Deripaska formerly owned or controlled to require him to divest from them and relinquish control over them. Specifically, Deripaska's former companies—including En+ Group Plc, and JSC EuroSibEnergo—recently entered into a Terms of Removal Agreement (“TOR”) with Defendants that required the companies to show that Deripaska had divested his majority ownership of, and relinquished controlling interests in, those companies. Any future dividend payments from interests retained by Deripaska in those companies will be placed into a blocked account to which Deripaska will have no access so long as he remains sanctioned. Letter from Andrea M. Gacki, Director, Office of Foreign Assets Control, to Sen. Mitch McConnell, Sen. Majority Leader (Dec. 19, 2018).

50. The designations have also benefited Russia's Communist Party, which holds the second highest number of seats in the Russian Parliament and whose leader has publicly attacked Deripaska and organized rallies against him because of his divestment and relinquishment of control in the companies that were recently delisted by OFAC. Specifically, Gennady Zyuganov, has called for a criminal investigation of Deripaska for allegedly giving the companies “to the Anglo Saxons to control” and for acting against the strategic policy and national security of Russia.

Billionaire Deripaska Sues Communist Leader Zyuganov for Calling His Business 'Biggest Scam', RUSSIA TODAY (Jan. 17, 2019), <https://www.rt.com/russia/449033-deripaska-zyuganov-slander-lawsuit/>.

51. In short, Defendants' actions against Deripaska have effectively barred him from accessing his own funds, prevented him from securing basic and necessary services, made him radioactive to any person dealing with him anywhere in the world, and have exposed him to the risk of criminal investigation in his home country and confiscation of his businesses there. These consequences will be extremely difficult to recover from in the event the Deripaska is ever delisted, and it is unclear whether Deripaska will have any ability to recover damages from the Defendants in the future. Indeed, it appears that the damages Deripaska has suffered in wealth and reputation may be unrecoverable, and that there is no corrective relief that will ever make him completely whole for the consequences he has suffered as a result of the Defendants' unlawful actions.

D. Animus and Bias Against Deripaska

52. Deripaska has been the subject of persistent vitriolic attacks and scrutiny by the U.S. Government, including by Defendants. This animus towards Deripaska was first revealed in the U.S. Department of the Treasury press release announcing his designations. That press release, as noted above, included a variety of rumors concerning seemingly criminal behavior that are 1) false; 2) unconnected to any senior Russian Government official or the Russian energy sector; and 3) irrelevant to the legal criteria cited for Deripaska's designations.

53. This bias was also revealed when OFAC began discussing the path forward if any company owned or controlled by Deripaska sought to have sanctions against it removed. For example, official guidance published by OFAC states that those entities under Deripaska's ownership or control will continue to be sanctioned unless and until he separates himself from them. U.S. Dep't of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Frequently Asked Question # 576

(May 22, 2018); U.S. Dep't of Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Frequently Asked Question # 587 (May 22, 2018).

54. Secretary Mnuchin echoed this position shortly thereafter, stating that before any sanctions against could be removed, Deripaska must first sell his ownership interest in a company below 50 percent. Saleha Mohsin & Stephanie Flanders, *Mnuchin Says U.S. Isn't Looking to Put Rusal Out of Business*, BLOOMBERG (May 1, 2018, 2:49 AM).

55. Congress, whose acquiescence may be sought in any potential future delisting of Deripaska, has similarly demonstrated an overt bias against him. For example, Rep. Maxine Waters during a debate on a resolution of disapproval regarding the delisting of companies formerly owned or controlled by Deripaska expressly stated that dealing with Deripaska is “dealing with the enemy” and that he is a “criminal.” 165 CONG. REC. H694 (2019) (statement of Rep. Waters). Notably, Deripaska has never been charged with any crimes in the United States or elsewhere.

56. During that same debate, Rep. Gerry Connolly, after reciting a litany of public allegations against Deripaska—none of which were connected to the designation criteria under which Deripaska was sanctioned—asked the question: “Does this really sound like someone deserving of exemption from U.S. sanctions?”

57. Recently, on February 18, 2019, Sen. Charles Schumer, the Senate Minority Leader, issued the following statement via Twitter: “How can Oleg Deripaska—a Russian oligarch who interferes in democracies in Europe & America—have the gall to show at Munich Security Conference? The conference talks about holding back Russian interference! EU friends: We urge imposing additional sanctions on Putin's cronies.” Chuck Schumer (@SenSchumer), Twitter, (Feb. 18, 2019, 2:20 PM), <https://twitter.com/SenSchumer/status/1097576721996488712>.

58. Defendants have not designated Deripaska for engaging in, nor made any allegations that he is engaged in, the interference of democratic processes, nor has Deripaska been charged anywhere in the world for doing so. Yet the Senate Minority Leader—who may play a pivotal role in any future delisting of Deripaska—believes that Deripaska has been involved in alleged Russian interference in democratic processes and should not—as a private citizen and not on behalf of any government—be able to attend a conference that promotes peace through dialogue, much less have sanctions against him removed.

59. All of these statements are incorrect and without precedent. Any entity that is or has been designated due to Deripaska's alleged ownership or control can be removed from the SDN List if sanctions against Deripaska are removed. By refusing to acknowledge this possibility, by deeming Deripaska a criminal absent any criminal charges, and by relying on allegations unconnected to the legal criteria necessary for the designations, Defendants and Congress are demonstrating that they do not contemplate a scenario by which sanctions against Deripaska would ever be removed. Thus, these statements by U.S. officials and elected representatives reveal profound animus towards Deripaska that requires him to seek recourse with regard to his designations through this Court.

LEGAL CLAIMS

COUNT I

DEFENDANTS' DESIGNATION OF DERIPASKA UNDER E.O. 13661 CONSTITUTES ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTION UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

60. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

61. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A).

62. Defendants' designation of Deripaska under E.O. 13661 is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.*, because OFAC lacked any factual basis to conclude that Deripaska has acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, a senior Russian Government official.

COUNT II

DEFENDANTS' ACTION DESIGNATING DERIPASKA UNDER E.O. 13662 CONSTITUTES ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTION UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

63. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

64. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A).

65. Defendants' designation of Deripaska under E.O. 13662 is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.*, because OFAC lacks any factual basis to conclude that Deripaska operates in the energy sector of the Russian Federation economy.

COUNT III

DEFENDANTS' ACTION DESIGNATING DERIPASKA UNDER E.O. 13661 VIOLATES HIS FIFTH AMENDMENT RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS AND CONSTITUTES ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTION UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

66. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

67. Under the Fifth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, Deripaska has a due process right to adequate post-deprivation notice. Sufficient notice requires Defendants to provide Deripaska with the bases of his designation, including access to the administrative record underlying his designation, so as to permit him a meaningful opportunity to respond to the designation.

68. Defendants have not provided sufficient notice for their determination that Deripaska meets the criteria for designation under E.O. 13661—i.e., that Deripaska has acted or has purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, a senior official of the Government of the Russian Federation. Defendants have not identified a sufficient factual basis for their conclusion, nor have they alleged any conduct that would provide Deripaska an opportunity to respond to Defendant's determination. Instead, Defendants' press release announcing Deripaska's E.O. 13661 designation alleges a series of facts untethered from their legal conclusion that he acted or purported to act for or on behalf of a senior official of the Government of the Russian Federation.

69. Defendants have failed to provide Deripaska with adequate and fair notice of the basis underlying his designation. Thus, Defendants have acted in violation of Deripaska's due process rights under the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

COUNT IV

DEFENDANTS' ACTION DESIGNATING DERIPASKA UNDER E.O. 13662 VIOLATES HIS FIFTH AMENDMENT RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS AND CONSTITUTES ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTION UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

70. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

71. Under the Fifth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, Deripaska has a due process right to adequate post-deprivation notice. Sufficient notice requires Defendants to provide Deripaska with the bases of his designation, including access to the administrative record underlying his designation, so as to permit him a meaningful opportunity to respond to the designation.

72. Defendants have not provided sufficient notice for their determination that Deripaska meets the legal criteria for designation under E.O. 13662—i.e., that he operates in the energy sector of the Russian Federation economy. Defendants have not identified the factual basis for this conclusion, nor have they identified how Deripaska operates in the energy sector. Instead, Defendants' press release announcing Deripaska's E.O. 13662 designation alleges a series of facts that are completely untethered from any possible legal conclusion that Deripaska operates in the energy sector of the Russian Federation economy.

73. Defendants have failed to provide Deripaska with adequate and fair notice of the basis of his E.O. 13662 designation. Thus, Defendants have acted in violation of Deripaska's due process rights under the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

COUNT V

DEFENDANTS' FAILURE TO PROVIDE DERIPASKA NOTICE OF THE BASIS FOR HIS DESIGNATION UNDER E.O. 13661 VIOLATES THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

74. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

75. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure required by law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A) and (D).

76. Defendants' designation of Deripaska under E.O. 13661 is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law, and/or without observance of procedure required by law, because Defendants failed to provide Deripaska with notice of the basis of his designation in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.* Specifically, Defendants did not identify the senior Russian Government official Deripaska allegedly acted for or on behalf of or purported to act for or on behalf of; did not describe how their allegations connect him to any senior Russian Government official; and have not provided him with access to the administrative record underlying his designation.

COUNT VI

DEFENDANTS' FAILURE TO PROVIDE DERIPASKA NOTICE OF THE BASIS FOR HIS DESIGNATION UNDER E.O. 13662 VIOLATES THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

77. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

78. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure

required by law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A) and (D).

79. Defendants' designation of Deripaska under E.O. 13662 is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law, and/or without observance of procedure required by law, because Defendants failed to provide Deripaska with notice of the basis of his designation in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.* Specifically, Defendants have not identified how or through what means Deripaska operates in the energy sector of the Russian Federation.

COUNT VII

DEFENDANTS' FAILURE TO PROVIDE DERIPASKA SUFFICIENT NOTICE AS TO THE REASONS FOR HIS INCLUSION ON THE SECTION 241 REPORT VIOLATES THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

80. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

81. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure required by law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A) and (D).

82. Defendants' criteria for determining whether an individual is an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure required by law, as Defendants expressly failed to consider criteria demanded by CAATSA in defining an "oligarch"—i.e., that the individual be identified according to their closeness to the Russian regime and their net worth. Defendants' consideration of solely the individual's net worth was contrary to the law under which they operated and constituted arbitrary and capricious agency action in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.*

83. Defendants' criteria for determining whether an individual is an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure required by law, as Defendants' definition of an "oligarch"—i.e., their net worth—betrays a proper definition of an "oligarch"—i.e., an individuals' net worth and political influence.

84. Defendants' determination that Deripaska meets the definition of an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA and their inclusion of Deripaska in the Section 241 Report is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law, and/or without observance of procedure required by law, because Defendants lack any factual basis to conclude that Deripaska is an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA.

COUNT VIII

DEFENDANTS' ACTION IDENTIFYING DERIPASKA IN THE SECTION 241 REPORT VIOLATES HIS FIFTH AMENDMENT RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS AND CONSTITUTES ARBITRARY AND CAPRICIOUS ACTION UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

85. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

86. Under the Fifth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution, Deripaska has a due process right to adequate post-deprivation notice. Due to the negative harms arising from his inclusion in the Section 241 Report, Defendants are required to provide Deripaska with sufficient notice as to the basis for their action. This requires Defendants to provide Deripaska with access to the agency's findings regarding his inclusion in the Section 241 Report so as to permit him a meaningful opportunity to respond to his inclusion.

87. Defendants have not provided sufficient notice for their determination that Deripaska meets the definition of an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA.

Defendants have not disclosed the factual basis for their conclusion, but have instead publicly rendered a conclusory finding that Deripaska is an “oligarch” in their Section 241 Report.

88. Due to the harm caused by Defendants’ inclusion of Deripaska in the Section 241 Report, Defendants have acted in violation of Deripaska’s due process rights under the Fifth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution as they have failed to provide adequate notice as to the basis for their determination that Deripaska meets the criteria of an “oligarch” under Section 241 of CAATSA, and because there is no opportunity to challenge his inclusion in the Section 241 Report.

COUNT IX

DEFENDANTS’ FAILURE TO PROVIDE DERIPASKA SUFFICIENT NOTICE OF THE BASIS FOR THEIR DETERMINATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 241 OF CAATSA VIOLATES THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

89. Deripaska re-alleges and incorporates by reference as if fully set forth herein the allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

90. Agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law or without observance of procedure required by law shall be held unlawful by a reviewing court and set aside. 5 U.S.C. § 706(2)(A) and (D).

91. Defendants’ determination that Deripaska meets the definition of an “oligarch” for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA and their inclusion of Deripaska in the Section 241 Report is arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law, and/or without observance of procedure required by law because Defendants failed to provide Deripaska with notice of the basis of their determination in violation of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 701 *et seq.*

RELIEF REQUESTED

Wherefore, Deripaska respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Issue an order vacating Deripaska's designations under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662 and removing his name from OFAC's SDN List;
- B. Issue an order directing Defendants to rescind Deripaska's designations under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662 and remove his name from OFAC's SDN List;
- C. Declare or order Defendants to disclose the evidentiary memorandum and supporting administrative record underlying Deripaska's designations under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662;
- D. Order Defendants to retract any public statements attributing conduct to Deripaska that is unrelated to the bases for his designations under E.O. 13661 and E.O. 13662, and enjoin Defendants from making such statements in the future;
- E. Declare or order Defendants to rescind their determination that Deripaska meets the definition of an "oligarch" for purposes of Section 241 of CAATSA and remove his name from the Section 241 Report;
- F. Declare or order Defendants to release any and all records underlying their inclusion of Deripaska's name in the Section 241 Report;
- G. Grant an award to Deripaska of his costs and attorneys' fees under the Equal Access to Justice Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2412 *et seq.*, and any other applicable provision of law; and
- H. Any other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.

Dated: March 15, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Erich C. Ferrari, Esq.
Erich C. Ferrari, Esq.
Ferrari & Associates, P.C.
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Washington, D.C. 20004
Telephone: (202) 280-6370
Fax: (877) 448-4885
Email: ferrari@falawpc.com
DC Bar No. 978253

EXHIBIT

A

OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL

SPECIALLY DESIGNATED NATIONALS & BLOCKED PERSONS

Governor of the Central Bank of Syria (individual) [SYRIA].

DERGHAM, Duraid (a.k.a. DERGHAM, Douraid; a.k.a. DURGHAM, Dureid); DOB 1964; Governor of the Central Bank of Syria (individual) [SYRIA].

DERIPASKA, Oleg Vladimirovich, Moscow, Russia; 64 Severnaya Street, Oktyabrsky, Khutor, Ust-Labinsky District, Krasnodar Territory 352332, Russia; 5, Belgrave Square, Belgravia, London SW1X 8PH, United Kingdom; DOB 02 Jan 1968; POB Dzerzhinsk, Nizhny Novgorod Region, Russia; citizen Russia; alt. citizen Cyprus; Gender Male (individual) [UKRAINE-EO13661] [UKRAINE-EO13662].

DERONJIC, Miroslav; DOB 06 Jun 1945; POB Bratunac, Bosnia-Herzegovina; ICTY indictee (individual) [BALKANS].

DEROUDEL, Abdel Malek (a.k.a. ABD AL-WADOUB, Abdou Moussa; a.k.a. ABD EL OUADOUD, Abou Mossab; a.k.a. ABD EL OUADOUD, Abou Mousab; a.k.a. ABD EL-OUADOUD, Abi Mossaab; a.k.a. ABD-AL-WADUD, Abu-Mus'ab; a.k.a. ABDEL EL-WADOUD, Abou Mossab; a.k.a. ABDEL WADOUD, Abou Mossab; a.k.a. ABDEL WADOUD, Abou Moussaab; a.k.a. ABDELMALEK, Droukdel; a.k.a. ABDELMALEK, Droukdel; a.k.a. ABDELOUADODUD, Abu Mussaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abi Mousaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Mossaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Mossab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Mousaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Moussaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Musab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abu Mossab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abu Mus'ab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abou Moussaab; a.k.a. ABDELOUADOUD, Abu Musab; a.k.a. ABDELWADOUD, Abou Mossab; a.k.a. ABKELWADOUD, Abou Mosaab; a.k.a. ABOU MOSSAAB, Abdelwadoud; a.k.a. ABOU MOSSAAH, Abdelouadoud; a.k.a. ABOU MOSSAB, Abdelouadoud; a.k.a. ABU MUSAB, Abdelwadoud; a.k.a. DARDAKIL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DERDOUKAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DOURKDAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DRIDQAL, Abd-al-Malik; a.k.a. DROKDAL, 'Abd-al-Malik; a.k.a. DROKDAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUGDEL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUKADAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUKBEL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUKDAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUKDAL, Abdelmalek; a.k.a. DROUKDEL, Abdel Malek; a.k.a. DROUKDEL, Abdelmalek;

a.k.a. DROUKDEL, Abdelouadour; a.k.a. DRUKDAL, 'Abd al-Malik; a.k.a. DURIKDAL, 'Abd al-Malik; a.k.a. OUDOUD, Abu Musab; a.k.a. "ABDELWADOUD, Abou"), Meftah, Algeria; DOB 20 Apr 1970; POB Meftah, Algeria; alt. POB Khemis El Khechna, Algeria; nationality Algeria (individual) [SDGT].

DERZHAVNE PIDPRYEMSTVO AGROFIRMA MAGARACH NATSIONALNOGO INSTYTUTU VYNOGRADU I VYNA MAGARACH (a.k.a. AGROFIRMA MAGARACH NATSIONALNOGO INSTYTUTU VYNOGRADU I VYNA MAGARACH, DP; a.k.a. GOSUDARSTVENOYE PREDPRIYATIYE AGRO-FIRMA MAGARACH NACIONALNOGO INSTITUTA VINOGRADA I VINA MAGARACH; a.k.a. MAGARACH AGRICULTURAL COMPANY OF NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF WINE AND GRAPES MAGARACH; a.k.a. STATE ENTERPRISE AGRICULTURAL COMPANY MAGARACH NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF VINE AND WINE MAGARACH; a.k.a. STATE ENTERPRISE MAGARACH OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF WINE), Bud. 9 vul. Chapaeva, S.Vilino, Bakhchysaraisky R-N, Crimea 98433, Ukraine; 9 Chapayeva str., Vilino, Bakhchisaray Region, Crimea 98433, Ukraine; 9 Chapayeva str., Vilino, Bakhchisarayski district 98433, Ukraine; 9, Chapaeva Str., Vilino, Bakhchisaray Region, Crimea 98433, Ukraine; Website <http://magarach-institut.ru/>; Email Address magar@ukr.net; Registration ID 11231070006000476 (Ukraine); Government Gazette Number 31332064 (Ukraine) [UKRAINE-EO13685].

DERZHAVNE PIDPRYEMSTVO ZAVOD SHAMPANSKYKH VYN NOVY SVIT (a.k.a. GOSUDARSTVENOYE PREDPRIYATIYE ZAVOD SHAMPANSKYKH VIN NOVY SVET; a.k.a. NOVY SVET WINERY; a.k.a. NOVY SVET WINERY STATE ENTERPRISE; a.k.a. STATE ENTERPRISE FACTORY OF SPARKLING WINE NOVY SVET; a.k.a. STATE ENTERPRISE FACTORY OF SPARKLING WINES NEW WORLD; a.k.a. ZAVOD SHAMPANSKYKH VYN NOVY SVIT, DP), 1 Shaliapin Street, Novy Svet Village, Sudak, Crimea 98032, Ukraine; Bud. 1 vul. Shalyapina Smt, Novy Svet, Sudak, Crimea 98032, Ukraine; 1 Shalyapina str. Novy Svet, Sudak 98032, Ukraine; Website <http://nsvet.com.ua/en/contacts>; Email Address boss@nsvet.com.ua; Registration ID 00412665 (Ukraine) [UKRAINE-EO13685].

DESARROLLADORA SAN FRANCISCO DEL RINCON, S.A. DE C. V., Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico; Folio Mercantil No. 27273-1 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLAR LTDA. (a.k.a. DESARROLLOS URBANOS, LTDA.), Calle 74 No. 53-30, Barranquilla, Colombia; NIT # 890108104-2 (Colombia) [SDNT].

DESARROLLO AGRICOLA ORGANICO S.P.R. DE R.L. (a.k.a. DESARROLLO AGRICULTURA ORGANICO, S.P.R. DE R.L.), Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico; Folio Mercantil No. 61497 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO AGRICOLA VERDE DE SAYULA S.P.R. DE R.L. (a.k.a. DESARROLLO AGRICULTURA VERDE DE SAYULA, S.P.R. DE R.L.), Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico; Folio Mercantil No. 61803 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO AGRICULTURA ORGANICO, S.P.R. DE R.L. (a.k.a. DESARROLLO AGRICOLA ORGANICO S.P.R. DE R.L.), Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico; Folio Mercantil No. 61497 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO AGRICULTURA VERDE DE SAYULA, S.P.R. DE R.L. (a.k.a. DESARROLLO AGRICOLA VERDE DE SAYULA S.P.R. DE R.L.), Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico; Folio Mercantil No. 61803 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO ARQUITECTONICO FORTIA, S.A. DE C.V., Avenida Vallarta No. 6503, Piso 15, Col. C.D. Granja, Zapopan, Jalisco 45010, Mexico; Calzada de los Fresnos, No 70-A, Col. C.D. Granja, Zapopan, Jalisco 45010, Mexico; Vereda De La Alondra No 8, Col Puerta De Hierro, Zapopan, Jalisco 45116, Mexico; Vereda De La Alondra No 8, Col Puerta De Hierro, Tlajomulco de Zuniga, Jalisco, Mexico; Avenida Miguel Hidalgo Manzana 47, Lote 11, Local - B, Colonia Reg. 92, Benito Juarez, Quintana Roo 77516, Mexico; R.F.C. DAF0301276R6 (Mexico); Folio Mercantil No. 17103 (Mexico) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO GEMMA CORPORATION, Calle 52 Bella Vista, Chalet # 17, Panama City, Panama; RUC # 25544701403775 (Panama) [SDNT].

DESARROLLO MINERO RESPONSABLE C.I. S.A.S. (a.k.a. DMR C.I. S.A.S.); NIT # 900386627-9 (Colombia) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLO URBANISTICO DEL ATLANTICO, S.A. (a.k.a. "D.U.A.S.A."), Panama; RUC # 30564-13-239335 (Panama) [SDNTK].

DESARROLLOS AGROINDUSTRIALES S.A., Transversal 13A No. 118A-45 Ofc. 301, Bogota,

EXHIBIT

B

RUSSIA

GDP: \$1.2 TRIL
 POPULATION: 144 MIL
 BILLIONAIRES: 96 (+19 VS. 2016)
 TOTAL NET WORTH: \$386.3 BIL (+\$103.7 BIL VS. 2016)

TOP SECTORS
 ENERGY 23
 FINANCE & INVESTMENTS 17
 METALS & MINING 14
 OVERSEAS 7
 MANUFACTURING 7

WEALTH ORIGIN
 100%
 INHERITED/BOUNDED WEALTH
 UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY



NEWMAKER Dmitry Rybolovlev

Rybolovlev bought Maison de L'Amitie, Donald Trump's Palm Beach oceanfront mansion, for \$95 million in 2008. Rybolovlev, who made his money in fertilizers, got approval to raze the main building and fountain and sold a parcel for \$34 million in 2016.

PLACE

Dmitry Rybolovlev
 Rybolovlev bought Maison de L'Amitie, Donald Trump's Palm Beach oceanfront mansion, for \$95 million in 2008. Rybolovlev, who made his money in fertilizers, got approval to raze the main building and fountain and sold a parcel for \$34 million in 2016.



NEWCOMER

Sergei Gordiev

In 2015, Gordiev bought a 20% stake in home builder PIR Group from billionaire Suleiman Kerimov and eventually became the controlling shareholder. In 2016, his main competitor, Moriton Group, to become one of Russia's largest residential developers. Gordiev & also an investor alongside billionaire Ziyavudin Magomedov in Hyperloop One, a U.S. high-speed-travel startup.

WEALTH STATUS

UP ▲ DOWN ▼ UNCHANGED ▬
 NEW* RETURNEE ◊



PLACE

Dmitry Rybolovlev
 Rybolovlev bought Maison de L'Amitie, Donald Trump's Palm Beach oceanfront mansion, for \$95 million in 2008. Rybolovlev, who made his money in fertilizers, got approval to raze the main building and fountain and sold a parcel for \$34 million in 2016.

Sanvel Karapetyan ▲ \$3.4 BIL #564 REAL ESTATE
Alexander Svetakov ▲ \$3.3 BIL #581 BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Vladimir Kintor ▲ \$3.1 BIL #610 FERTILIZERS, REAL ESTATE
God Nisarov ▲ \$3.1 BIL #620 REAL ESTATE
Zaraki Iliev ▼ \$3.0 BIL #660 REAL ESTATE
Alexander Ponomarenko ▲ \$3.0 BIL #660 PORTS
Alexander Skorobogatko ▲ \$3.0 BIL #660 PORTS
Aradya Rotenberg ▲ \$2.6 BIL #782 CONSTRUCTION, PIPES, BANKING
Alexander Mamut ▲ \$2.5 BIL #814 INVESTMENTS
Igor Kesayev ▲ TORACCO DISTRIBUTION, RETAIL
Alexander Nezh ▲ METALS, BANKING, FERTILIZERS
Vadim Moshkovich ▲ AGRICULTURE, LAND
Mikhail Shipikhonov ▲ \$2.3 BIL #898 BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Nikolai Babinov ▲ \$2.2 BIL #930 OIL & GAS
Igor Makarov ▲ \$2.1 BIL #973 GAS
Igor Altsharkin ▲ \$2.0 BIL #1020 METALS
Daniil Khachaturov ▲ \$2.0 BIL #1030 INSURANCE, BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Vladimir Bogdanov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1096 OIL
Alexander Frolov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1161 MINING, STEEL
Aras Agalarov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1234 REAL ESTATE
Andrei Bobakoy ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1234 MINING, MACHINE BUILDING
Valentin Gontsev ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1290 LASERS
Sait-Salam Gutseryev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 OIL BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Mikhail Gutseryev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 OIL BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Suleiman Kerimov ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 ALUMINUM, UTILITIES
Oleg Dvorpak ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 GROUP, ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST PAPER FIRMS
Yuri Sheffer ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 ALUMINUM, UTILITIES
Roman Trotsenko ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 ENGINEERING, REAL ESTATE
Sergei Gordiev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 OIL BANKING, TELECOM
Alexei Ananayev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 BANKING, IT, REAL ESTATE
Dmitry Ananayev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 CANDY, REAL ESTATE
Vasily Anisimov ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 REAL ESTATE
Pyotr Kondrashev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 FERTILIZERS
Anatoly Lomanin ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 FERTILIZERS
Ziyavudin Magomedov ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 OIL & GAS
Dmitry Pilyavskiy ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 STEEL, PIPES
Vladimir Yertushchenko ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 TELECOM

Megdet Rahimkulov ▲ \$1.4 BIL #1468 INVESTMENTS
Farkhad Akhmedov ▼ \$1.3 BIL #1567 NATURAL GAS BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Roman Andreyev ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 DEVELOPMENT
Almasbek Shapardize ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 OIL SERVICES
Filaret Galichev ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
Eugene Kasperky ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 SOFTWARE
Alexander Kyachin ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 REAL ESTATE
Boris Mints ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 REAL ESTATE
Andrei Moichanov ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
Vikhi Shabatov ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 PETRO-CHEMICALS
Oleg Boyko ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 DIVERSIFIED
Gleb Fetisov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 INVESTMENTS
Viktor Kharitonin ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PHARMACEUTICALS
Andrei Kosogov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 OIL BANKING, TELECOM
Ley Krotov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 CEMENT, AIRPORT
Leonid Simanovsky ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 INVESTMENTS
Oleg Tinkov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 BANKING
Vadim Yakunin ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PHARMACY
Gavril Yushvayev ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PRECIOUS METALS, REAL ESTATE
Leonid Boguslavsky ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 VENTURE CAPITAL
Sergei Katsiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 RETAIL, WHOLESALE
Andrei Rappoport ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 INVESTMENTS
Airat Shaimiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 REFINERY, CHEMICALS
Radik Shaimiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 REFINERY, CHEMICALS
Aleksandr Volokh ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 SEARCH ENGINE
Elena Buturina ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 CONSTRUCTION
Alexei Bogachev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 RETAIL BANKING
Yuri Gushchik ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 CANDY, REAL ESTATE
Yuri Kovalev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 BANKING, INSURANCE, MEDIA
 Boris Rogozhin ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 CONSTRUCTION, PIPES, CHEMICALS
Albert Shigabudinov ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 REFINERY, CHEMICALS
Rustem Sulteev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 REFINERY, CHEMICALS

Prince Alwaleed Bin Total Ahsaid ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1098 BANKING
Mohammed Al Amoudi ▼ \$1.8 BIL #1098 OIL, DIVERSIFIED
Prince Sultan bin Mohammed Al Saud ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1098 RETAIL, SHOPPING MALLS
Mohammed Al Jera & Family ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1028 RETAIL, SHOPPING MALLS
Sabah Kamel ▲ \$2.3 BIL #896 BANKING, HEALTH CARE

Abdullah Al Rajhi & Family ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1098 BANKING
Abdul Majeed Alnokhail ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1028 RETAIL, REAL ESTATE
Fawaz Alhokair ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1098 RETAIL, SHOPPING MALLS
Sulaiman Alhokair ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1028 RETAIL, SHOPPING MALLS
Mohammed Sarafi ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 INVESTMENTS

Samuel Karapetyan ▲ \$3.4 BIL #564 REAL ESTATE
Alexander Svetakov ▲ \$3.3 BIL #581 BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Vladimir Kintor ▲ \$3.1 BIL #610 FERTILIZERS, REAL ESTATE
God Nisarov ▲ \$3.1 BIL #620 REAL ESTATE
Zaraki Iliev ▼ \$3.0 BIL #660 REAL ESTATE
Alexander Ponomarenko ▲ \$3.0 BIL #660 PORTS
Alexander Skorobogatko ▲ \$3.0 BIL #660 PORTS
Aradya Rotenberg ▲ \$2.6 BIL #782 CONSTRUCTION, PIPES, BANKING
Alexander Mamut ▲ \$2.5 BIL #814 INVESTMENTS
Igor Kesayev ▲ TORACCO DISTRIBUTION, RETAIL
Alexander Nezh ▲ METALS, BANKING, FERTILIZERS
Vadim Moshkovich ▲ AGRICULTURE, LAND
Mikhail Shipikhonov ▲ \$2.3 BIL #898 BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Nikolai Babinov ▲ \$2.2 BIL #930 OIL & GAS
Igor Makarov ▲ \$2.1 BIL #973 GAS
Igor Altsharkin ▲ \$2.0 BIL #1020 METALS
Daniil Khachaturov ▲ \$2.0 BIL #1030 INSURANCE, BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Vladimir Bogdanov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1096 OIL
Alexander Frolov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1161 MINING, STEEL
Aras Agalarov ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1234 REAL ESTATE
Andrei Bobakoy ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1234 MINING, MACHINE BUILDING
Valentin Gontsev ▲ \$1.9 BIL #1290 LASERS
Sait-Salam Gutseryev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 OIL BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Mikhail Gutseryev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 OIL BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Suleiman Kerimov ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1290 ALUMINUM, UTILITIES
Oleg Dvorpak ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 GROUP, ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST PAPER FIRMS
Yuri Sheffer ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 ALUMINUM, UTILITIES
Roman Trotsenko ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 ENGINEERING, REAL ESTATE
Sergei Gordiev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1315 OIL BANKING, TELECOM
Alexei Ananayev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 BANKING, IT, REAL ESTATE
Dmitry Ananayev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 CANDY, REAL ESTATE
Vasily Anisimov ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 REAL ESTATE
Pyotr Kondrashev ▲ \$1.8 BIL #1468 FERTILIZERS
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Mohammed Sarafi ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 INVESTMENTS

SINGAPORE

GDP: \$289.2 BIL
 POPULATION: 6 MIL
 BILLIONAIRES: 21 (+4 VS. 2016)
 TOTAL NET WORTH: \$59.4 BIL (+\$14.9 BIL VS. 2016)



Megdet Rahimkulov ▲ \$1.4 BIL #1468 INVESTMENTS
Farkhad Akhmedov ▼ \$1.3 BIL #1567 NATURAL GAS BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Roman Andreyev ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 DEVELOPMENT
Almasbek Shapardize ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 OIL SERVICES
Filaret Galichev ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
Eugene Kasperky ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 SOFTWARE
Alexander Kyachin ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 REAL ESTATE
Boris Mints ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 REAL ESTATE
Andrei Moichanov ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
Vikhi Shabatov ▲ \$1.3 BIL #1567 PETRO-CHEMICALS
Oleg Boyko ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 DIVERSIFIED
Gleb Fetisov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 INVESTMENTS
Viktor Kharitonin ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PHARMACEUTICALS
Andrei Kosogov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 OIL BANKING, TELECOM
Ley Krotov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 CEMENT, AIRPORT
Leonid Simanovsky ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 INVESTMENTS
Oleg Tinkov ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 BANKING
Vadim Yakunin ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PHARMACY
Gavril Yushvayev ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 PRECIOUS METALS, REAL ESTATE
Leonid Boguslavsky ▲ \$1.2 BIL #1678 VENTURE CAPITAL
Sergei Katsiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 RETAIL, WHOLESALE
Andrei Rappoport ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 INVESTMENTS
Airat Shaimiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 REFINERY, CHEMICALS
Radik Shaimiev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 REFINERY, CHEMICALS
Aleksandr Volokh ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1795 SEARCH ENGINE
Elena Buturina ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 CONSTRUCTION
Alexei Bogachev ▲ \$1.1 BIL #1940 RETAIL BANKING
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Alexander Svetakov ▲ \$3.3 BIL #581 BANKING, REAL ESTATE
Vladimir Kintor ▲ \$3.1 BIL #610 FERTILIZERS, REAL ESTATE
God Nisarov

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*: _____

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12; DC 3/15) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

_____ District of _____

_____)	
)	
)	
)	
<i>Plaintiff(s)</i>)	
v.)	Civil Action No.
)	
)	
)	
_____)	
<i>Defendant(s)</i>)	

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: *(Defendant's name and address)*

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

ANGELA D. CAESAR, CLERK OF COURT

Date: _____

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

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I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*: _____

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

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Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

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Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*: _____

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____.

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
_____ on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*: _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

<input type="radio"/> G. Habeas Corpus/ 2255 530 Habeas Corpus – General 510 Motion/Vacate Sentence 463 Habeas Corpus – Alien Detainee	<input type="radio"/> H. Employment Discrimination 442 Civil Rights – Employment (criteria: race, gender/sex, national origin, discrimination, disability, age, religion, retaliation) *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> I. FOIA/Privacy Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 890 Other Statutory Actions (if Privacy Act) *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> J. Student Loan 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (excluding veterans)
<input type="radio"/> K. Labor/ERISA (non-employment) 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 740 Labor Railway Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<input type="radio"/> L. Other Civil Rights (non-employment) 441 Voting (if not Voting Rights Act) 443 Housing/Accommodations 440 Other Civil Rights 445 Americans w/Disabilities – Employment 446 Americans w/Disabilities – Other 448 Education	<input type="radio"/> M. Contract 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran’s Benefits 160 Stockholder’s Suits 190 Other Contracts 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise	<input type="radio"/> N. Three-Judge Court 441 Civil Rights – Voting (if Voting Rights Act)

V. ORIGIN
 1 Original Proceeding
 2 Removed from State Court
 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
 4 Reinstated or Reopened
 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
 6 Multi-district Litigation
 7 Appeal to District Judge from Mag. Judge
 8 Multi-district Litigation – Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE.)

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 <input type="checkbox"/>	DEMAND \$ _____	JURY DEMAND: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY	(See instruction)	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	If yes, please complete related case form

DATE: _____	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET JS-44
 Authority for Civil Cover Sheet

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and services of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. Listed below are tips for completing the civil cover sheet. These tips coincide with the Roman Numerals on the cover sheet.

- I.** COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT (b) County of residence: Use 11001 to indicate plaintiff if resident of Washington, DC, 88888 if plaintiff is resident of United States but not Washington, DC, and 99999 if plaintiff is outside the United States.
- III.** CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES: This section is completed only if diversity of citizenship was selected as the Basis of Jurisdiction under Section II.
- IV.** CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT: The assignment of a judge to your case will depend on the category you select that best represents the primary cause of action found in your complaint. You may select only one category. You must also select one corresponding nature of suit found under the category of the case.
- VI.** CAUSE OF ACTION: Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of the primary cause.
- VIII.** RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY: If you indicated that there is a related case, you must complete a related case form, which may be obtained from the Clerk’s Office.

Because of the need for accurate and complete information, you should ensure the accuracy of the information provided prior to signing the form.